Summer is here and the sunny beaches are calling. The city pools and parks are beckoning with the promise of shade and coolness. Yet there is a closer place where you can find a cool and quiet spot to study: the library.

**Reserve a Group Study Room** - Go to [http://library.cumc.columbia.edu/book-group-study-room](http://library.cumc.columbia.edu/book-group-study-room) to make a reservation for one of the study rooms on the lower levels of Hammer.

**Meet with an Informationist** - Go to [http://library.cumc.columbia.edu/appointment-scheduling-home](http://library.cumc.columbia.edu/appointment-scheduling-home) to schedule an appointment. Whether you are working on an assignment, a systematic review or whether you just want to brush up on your research skills, our informationists are here to guide you.

**Take a Class** - Go to our class calendar to sign up: [http://library.cumc.columbia.edu/calendar/month](http://library.cumc.columbia.edu/calendar/month). You can register for an EndNote class or stop by the Reference Desk for one of our Search Skills: PubMed/MEDLINE/CINAHL sessions.

**Explore our Web Site** - Go to [http://library.cumc.columbia.edu/](http://library.cumc.columbia.edu/) the Health Sciences Library home page and explore all the resources it has to offer. Check for daily updates. Click on Library Classes & Assistance on top of the screen to see recently added information on our systematic reviews advisory service.

**Ask A Question!** - You can reach us by E-mail at: [hs-library@columbia.edu](mailto:hs-library@columbia.edu) or Phone at: (212)305-3692 or (212)305-3605

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**Resource Spotlight**

The following resources are being added to the Health Sciences Library Collections:

**Joanna Briggs Institute (JBI)**

JBI is an international non-profit research & development institute affiliated with the University of Adelaide in South Australia. It is widely regarded as one of the leading providers of evidence-based information from across the globe, as well as tools to help healthcare professionals implement an effective evidence-based practice program and provide the best possible patient care. Learn more at: [http://tinyurl.com/lv3tsgs](http://tinyurl.com/lv3tsgs).

**EBP Database**

**Clinics of North America**

This popular source of clinical reviews (14 titles in various specialties) will soon be available online. Updates are coming up in the next newsletter issue.

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**Try PsycINFO on 3 Different Platforms & Cast your Vote!**

PsycINFO is an online bibliographic database providing abstracts and citations to the scholarly literature in psychology and related disciplines. Columbia University Libraries is considering switching access to PsycINFO from our current platform, Ovid PsycINFO, to the APA or EBSCO platforms. It would be very helpful to get your input on this possible change. Please compare PsycINFO on the following platforms and send us comments on how this might affect your use of the database:

- **Ovid (our current platform)**
- **EBSCO**
- **American Psychological Association (direct access)**

Send preferences and comments to: [klimley@columbia.edu](mailto:klimley@columbia.edu) by June 30th, 2014.

Thank you for helping us to evaluate these three platforms. More at: [http://tinyurl.com/o8v6wdx](http://tinyurl.com/o8v6wdx).
A recent rise in phishing emails directed at Columbia accounts has the Help inbox inundated with questions and requests to verify message information, and we are definitely happy to help! Here is a list of criteria that can help determine whether a message is a phishing attempt, especially when it meets more than a few:

**Urgent requests** – phishers want you to follow instructions to click a link or open an attachment without using proper caution.

**Vague content** – using broad phrasing allows phishers to target a wide audience, though a subset called “spear phishing” can use detailed information to convince recipients that the message is authentic. Details that can be found on a website reachable by anyone may just mean that the phishers did their homework and are targeting a specific company or institution.

**Unsolicited messages** – if you weren’t expecting the email it could be a phishing attempt, even if it appears to be from someone you know.

**Requesting login or account information** – collecting accounts and passwords gives hackers a way to look for other security gaps, whether at the entity that provides your account or by using it to try accessing your own personal and financial information.

**Links that don’t match or include odd characters** – hovering your cursor over a link without clicking on it can reveal the actual destination. If it doesn’t match or contains extraneous characters and symbols, it could be directing you to a malicious look-alike website used to collect your account or other information.

Instead of clicking on a link, type in the known web address (ex; [www.cumc.columbia.edu](http://www.cumc.columbia.edu), [www.paypal.com](http://www.paypal.com)) and use links on the website to navigate to your account information.

**Grammar, spelling and editorial errors** – official messages typically won’t have these kinds of errors.

To report a suspected phishing attempt, forward the message with its full headers so mail administrators can see pertinent information that will help filter or block other messages:

- @columbia.edu addresses should forward to spam@columbia.edu
- @cumc.columbia.edu should forward to spam-abuse@cumc.columbia.edu

See the Email at CUMC link on our home page for help with making sure a message’s full headers are included.

If you logged in to a suspected phishing site make sure to change your account password immediately. UNI passwords (@columbia.edu) can be changed by visiting [www.columbia.edu](http://www.columbia.edu) and selecting the Manage My UNI link from the Email drop down in the upper left corner. Exchange passwords (@cumc.columbia.edu) can be changed by selecting the myPassword link on the home page of the CUMC IT website, [www.cumc.columbia.edu/it](http://www.cumc.columbia.edu/it).